

## 1.0 Introduction

### 1.1 Instructions

1.1.1 MAC Pre-planning Engineering have been appointed by Carter Jonas on behalf of Cambridgeshire County Council to assess the flood risk from all sources of site 40190 as identified in the draft Greater Cambridge Local Plan.

### **1.2** Site Location

1.2.1 Site 40190 is located at Mansel Farm, Station Road, Oakington as shown in Error! Appendix A and Inset 1.2 below. The approximate National Grid Reference for the site is E541759 N264897.







#### Inset 1.2: Draft Allocation Plan



### **1.3** Current Use and Description

- 1.3.1 The site currently comprises agricultural land. There has been no previous development on the site. The existing site is shown on the topographical survey enclosed in Error! Appendix A
- 1.3.2 There nearest watercourse Beck Brook is located adjacent to the southeastern most corner of the site. The site falls approximately 2m across the site from Station Road towards Beck Brook.

### **1.4 Proposed Development**

- 1.4.1 The proposed development would comprise residential dwellings.
- 1.4.2 In line with paragraph 26 of the Planning Practice Guidance for 'Flood risk and climate change' the lifetime of a residential development is considered to be at least 100 years.
- 1.4.3 The 'Flood Risk Vulnerability Classification' of various development types is defined within Annex 3 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) July 2021. A residential development is classified as a More Vulnerable development. The relevant extract from Annex 3 of the NPPF is set out below.



## 2.0 Site Specific Flood Risk

## 2.1 Risk of Fluvial / Tidal Flooding

- 2.1.1 The likelihood of fluvial and tidal flooding is defined on the Environment Agency's map 'Flood Map for Planning'. This flood map is published on the gov.uk website.
- 2.1.2 An extract of this flood map is provided below in **Inset 2.1**. The approximate site boundary is shown in red.



#### Inset 2.1: Fluvial / Tidal Flood Risk - gov.uk - 10/12/2021

- 2.1.3 The Environment Agency's flood map shows that the proposed development site is located within Flood Zone 1 (Low Probability), Flood Zone 2 (Medium Probability) and Flood Zone 3 (High Probability) and as such, the development is at a low (less than 1 in 1000 years) to high (greater than 1 in 100 years) risk of flooding from rivers or the sea.
- 2.1.4 As the site is located partially within Flood Zone 3, flood level information has been obtained from the Environment Agency. A copy of the flood level information is enclosed in Appendix B. The worst-case modelled flood node to the development site is EA052126515 located adjacent to the southern corner of the site. Flood level information as provided by the Environment Agency for this flood node is shown in Table 2.1 below.

#### Table 2.1: Flood Level Data

Annual Exceedance Probability Maximum Water Level (mODN)								
Node	5% (1 in 20)	2% (1 in 50)	1% (1 in 100)	0.5% (1 in 200)				
EA052126515	7.86	8.07	8.25	8.45				



- 2.1.5 New Climate Change allowances were published by the Environment Agency in July 2021. The new data included changes to peak river flow climate change requirements which are now set on a basin and catchment basis.
- 2.1.6 The proposed development is located within the Anglian basin and Cam and Ely Ouse Management Catchment. The proposed development is classified as More vulnerable as such the central climate change allowance is applicable. For this basin and catchment the applicable central climate change allowance is 9%.
- 2.1.7 The Environment Agency have not provided climate change flood levels or any flow data, however, it is felt that the 0.5% (1 n 200 year) would work as a proxy for a 9% climate change allowance and would most likely represent a conservative worst case assessment.
- 2.1.8 The predicated flood levels for the 1% (100yr) and 0.5% (200yr) events shown in **Error!** Appendix B . have been plotted onto the topographical survey on a drawing enclosed in **Appendix C**. This plan shows the extent of Flood Zones 3 across the site which closely correlates with the published fluvial flood risk map suggesting that the extent of Flood Zone 1 shown on flood risk map will also be broadly accurate thus dwellings could be appropriately located within Flood Zone 1 and at a low risk of fluvial flooding.
- 2.1.9 Based on this assessment the proposed development is located within Flood Zones 1, 2 (extent to be defined) and 3 is defined as having a less than 1 in 1000 annual probability to more than 1 in 100.
- 2.1.10 The extent of Flood Zone 3 and anticipated extent of Flood Zone 2 would provide scope for dwellings to be provided entirely within Flood Zone 1 as such sequentially located to be at the lowest risk of flooding

#### Additional Fluvial Flooding Data

- 2.1.11 To the north of the site there is a development of up to 4000 dwellings plus other amenities known as Northstowe. The planning application (ref 20/02171/OUT) for Northstowe Phase 3A was supported by a Flood Risk Assessment & Drainage Strategy prepared by Arcadis report reference 10019646-ARC-XX-XX-RP-DE-0001 dated 17/04/2020.
- 2.1.12 This report included images showing flood modelling extents for the 0.5% (200yr) and 0.1% (1000yr) flood events. Whilst considering the development site the modelling also shows flood extents for the proposed allocated site (Mansel Farm 40190). From these modelling extents it is shown that the site does not flood in either the 0.5% or 0.1% events which suggests that the Environment Agency's modelling is conservative and the site is actually located entirely within Flood Zone 1.
- 2.1.13 Independent flood modelling would be undertaken prior to any planning application to demonstrate this.



#### **Flood Compensation**

2.1.14 As any dwellings would be located within Flood Zone 1 as such there would be no need for flood compensation.

#### Flood Resilience Measures and Warnings

2.1.15 Finished floor levels on the site will be located some 300mm above the predicted 1% (1 in 100) plus climate change flood event.

#### 2.2 **Risk of Surface Water Flooding**

- 2.2.1 The likelihood of surface water flooding is defined on the Environment Agency's map 'Flood risk from surface water'. This flood map is published on the gov.uk website.
- 2.2.2 An extract of this flood map is provided below in **Inset 2.2**. The approximate site boundary is shown in red.
- 2.2.3 Regarding the accuracy of this map the EA state that:

"Flooding from surface water is difficult to predict as rainfall location and volume are difficult to forecast. In addition, local features can greatly affect the chance and severity of flooding. Because of this, we report the highest risk within 20m of a specific location, such as an individual property. This means reports for neighbouring properties may show different levels of risk."



Inset 2.2: Surface Water Flooding - gov.uk - 10/12/21

Extent of flooding from surface water High 🔵 Medium 🔵 Low 🔿 Very Low



- 2.2.4 The site is predominantly located in an area of very low surface water flood risk. However, there are isolated areas of low surface water flood risk on the site predominately in the south-eastern corner of the site where the levels drop away significantly. In the south-eastern corner of the site there are small areas of medium surface water flood risk. The raised areas of flooding in this location are unlikely to be developed due to the 'point' formed within the site.
- 2.2.5 Development on the site will be focused to areas of very low surface water flood risk which comprises the majority of the site.

## 2.3 Risk of Reservoirs, Canals and Other Artificial Sources Flooding

- 2.3.1 The likelihood of reservoir water flooding is defined on the Environment Agency's map 'Flood Risk from Reservoirs'. This flood map is published on the gov.uk website.
- 2.3.2 An extract of this flood map is provided below in **Inset 2.3**. The approximate site boundary is shown in red.



Inset 2.3: Reservoir Flooding - gov.uk - 10/12/21

2.3.3 The site is not at risk of reservoir flooding. We are not aware of any canals or other artificial sources which may cause flooding on the site.



## 2.4 Risk of Ground Water Flooding

2.4.1 We do not have any records of ground water flooding within the vicinity of the site. We therefore consider the risk of ground water sewer flooding to be low.

### 2.5 Risk of Sewer Flooding

2.5.1 We do not have any records of sewer flooding within the vicinity of the site. We therefore consider the risk of sewer flooding to be low.

### 2.6 Previous Flood Events

- 2.6.1 The Environment Agency's "Historic Flood Map is a GIS layer showing the maximum extent of all individual Recorded Flood Outlines from river, the sea and groundwater springs that meet a set criteria. It shows areas of land that have previously been subject to flooding in England. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies to the Environment Agency started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents".
- 2.6.2 The Environment Agency flood map, extract in **Inset 2.4** below, shows that flooding occurred within the site during the May 1978 and October 2001 extreme flood event. A copy of the Environment Agency plan is enclosed in **Appendix B**.





## 2.7 Summary of Flood Risk

- 2.7.1 Based on the Environment Agency's data the site is located within Flood Zones 1, 2 and 3 and is at a low risk of flooding from all other sources. It is proposed that any dwellings on the site would be located within Flood Zone 1 and as such at the lowest risk of fluvial flooding.
- 2.7.2 Additional evidence from an application site to the north would suggest that the whole site is located within Flood Zone 1 based on modelling completed for that development.

## 2.8 Flood Risk Vulnerability and Flood Zone 'Compatibility'

- 2.8.1 The suitability of different development types to be built and occupied within a particular Flood Zone is defined within Table 3 of the Planning Practice Guidance for 'Flood Risk and Coastal Change' to the National Planning Policy Framework. Table 3 is replicated below in **Table 2.2** below. This table maps vulnerability classes against the flood zones to indicate where development is 'appropriate' and where it should not be permitted.
- 2.8.2 Any dwellings on the proposed development site would be located within Flood Zone 1. Dwellings are classified as a More Vulnerable development. Based on this categorisation of the development it is considered 'appropriate'.

	Flood Risk Vulne	Flood Risk Vulnerability Classification							
Flood Zone	Essential	Highly More		Less	Water				
	Infrastructure	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Compatible				
Zone 1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
Zone 2	$\checkmark$	Exception	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
		Test required							
Zone 3a †	Exception Test	x	Exception	$\checkmark$					
	required +		Test required						
Zone 3b *	Exception Test required *	×	x	x	x				

#### Table 2.2: Flood risk vulnerability and flood zone 'compatibility'

 $\checkmark$  Development is appropriate

X Development should not be permitted.

<sup>+</sup> In Flood Zone 3a essenNal infrastructure should be designed and constructed to remain operational and safe in times of flood.

" \* " In Flood Zone 3b (functional floodplain) essential infrastructure that has to be there and has passed the Exception Test, and water-compatible uses, should be designed and constructed to:

- remain operational and safe for users in times of flood;
- result in no net loss of floodplain storage;
- not impede water flows and not increase flood risk elsewhere.

## 2.9 Sequential Test

As any dwellings would be located within Flood Zone 1 there would be no requirement for a Sequential Test.



## 3.0 Conclusions

## **3.1** Site location and proposed development

- 3.1.1 MAC Pre-planning Engineering have been appointed by Carter Jonas on behalf of Cambridgeshire County Council to assess the flood risk from all sources of site 40190 as identified in the draft Greater Cambridge Local Plan.
- 3.1.2 Site 40190 is located at Mansel Farm, Station Road, Oakington. The proposed development would comprise residential dwellings.

### **3.2** Flood Risk

- 3.2.1 Based on the Environment Agency's data the site is located within Flood Zones 1, 2 and 3 and is at a low risk of flooding from all other sources. It is proposed that any dwellings on the site would be located within Flood Zone 1 and as such at the lowest risk of fluvial flooding.
- 3.2.2 Additional evidence from an application site to the north would suggest that the whole site is located within Flood Zone 1 based on modelling completed for that development. Site specific flood modelling would be completed at planning application stage to demonstrate the exact extent of Flood Zone 1.
- 3.2.3 At least part of the site is located within Flood Zone 1 which could be used for dwellings. The Flood Zone 1 classification and the proposed development's vulnerability classification is compatible with the Flood Zone therefore the development is appropriate.
- 3.2.4 A Sequential Test would not be required as dwellings would be located within Flood Zone1.



Appendix A Topographical Survey Carter Jonas drawing no. J0025883-21-01\_Issue01





Appendix B Environment Agency Flood Level Information



Martin Andrews	Our ref	EAn2021/241141
martin.andrews@mac-Itd.co.uk	Date	30 November 2021

Dear Martin

#### Enquiry regarding Product 4 for Station Road, Oakington

Thank you for your enquiry which was received on 12 November 2021.

We respond to requests under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and Environmental Information Regulations 2004.

The information we hold and a copy of the Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) advisory note is attached to my email.

Further Asset Management Data and Information can be found online using this link: <u>https://environment.data.gov.uk/asset-management/index.html</u>

There are Environment Agency flood defences within 500m of this location, these defences are designated High Ground Only. We attach a map to aid your enquiry.

Name	Product 4
Description	Detailed Flood Risk Assessment Map for Station Road, Oakington
Licence	Open Government Licence
Information Warnings	The maps provided are to be used in conjunction with the <b>Datasheet</b> . Please read the Datasheet and take note of information contained within the <b>'Important Information'</b> section.
Information Warning - OS background mapping	The mapping of features provided as a background in this product is © Ordnance Survey. It is provided to give context to this product. The Open Government Licence does not apply to this background mapping. You are granted a non-exclusive, royalty free, revocable licence solely to view the Licensed Data for non-commercial purposes for the period during which the Environment Agency makes it available. You are not permitted to copy, sub-license, distribute, sell or otherwise make available the Licensed Data to third parties in any form. Third party rights to enforce the terms of this licence shall be reserved to OS.
Attribution	Contains Environment Agency information © Environment Agency and/or database rights. Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright 2017 Ordnance Survey 100024198.



#### Flood Map for Planning (Rivers and Sea)

The Flood Map for Planning (Rivers and Sea) can be viewed and downloaded as a PDF file on GOV.UK by following this link: <u>https://flood-map-for-planning.service.gov.uk</u>

#### Long Term Flood Risk Information

Long term flood risk mapping including: *Risk of Flooding from Rivers or the Sea*, *Flood Risk from Surface Water* and *Flood Risk from Reservoirs* can be viewed on GOV.UK: <u>https://flood-warning-information.service.gov.uk/long-term-flood-risk/map</u>

#### **Climate Change Allowances**

The National Planning Practice Guidance refers planners, developers and advisors to the Environment Agency's guidance on considering climate change in Flood Risk Assessments (FRAs). This guidance was updated in October 2021 and is available at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-assessments-climate-change-allowances">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-assessments-climate-change-allowances</a>

The guidance provides climate change allowances for peak river flow, peak rainfall, sea level rise, wind speed and wave height. The guidance provides a range of allowances to assess fluvial flooding, which varies depending on which management catchment a site lies within. It advises on which allowances to use for assessing the impact of climate change on fluvial flood risk based on vulnerability classification, flood zone and development lifetime.

#### Data Available Online

Many of our flood datasets are available online:

- Flood Map For Planning (<u>Flood Zone 2</u>, <u>Flood Zone 3</u>, <u>Flood Storage Areas</u>, <u>Flood Defences</u>, <u>Areas Benefiting from Defences</u>)
- <u>Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea</u>
- Historic Flood Map
- <u>Current Flood Warnings</u>

#### What's In Your BackYard (WIYBY) is no longer available

Most of the data is still available via other sharing services such as <u>DATA.GOV.UK</u>, <u>MAGIC</u> <u>map</u> and new <u>GOV.UK</u> <u>digital services</u>. Where the datasets are no longer available as maps, you will be able to download and use within specialist applications.

To find out all the services the Environment Agency have available, please click here.

For any other enquiries please send your request to us at: Enquiries EastAnglia@environment-agency.gov.uk.

#### Additional information

Please be aware that we now charge for planning advice provided to developers, agents and landowners. If you would like advice to inform a future planning application for this site then please complete our <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-planning-application-enquiry-form-preliminary-opinion</u> and email it to our Sustainable Places team at: <u>planning.brampton@environment-agency.gov.uk</u>. They will initially provide you with a free response identifying the following:

#### East Anglia Area

Ipswich Öffice, Iceni House, Cobham Road, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP3 9JD Brampton Office, Bromholme Lane, Brampton, Huntingdon, PE28 4NE General Enquiries: 03708 506506 Email: <u>enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk</u> Website: https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/environment-agency

- the environmental constraints affecting the proposal;
- the environmental issues raised by the proposal;
- the information we need for the subsequent planning application to address the issues identified and demonstrate an acceptable development;
- any required environmental permits.

If you require any further information from them (for example, a meeting or the detailed review of a technical document) they will need to set up a charging agreement. Further information can be found on our <u>website</u>.

#### **Climate Change Allowances**

The National Planning Practice Guidance refers planners, developers and advisors to the Environment Agency's guidance on considering climate change in Flood Risk Assessments (FRAs). This guidance was updated in October 2021 and is available at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-assessments-climate-change-allowances">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-assessments-climate-change-allowances</a>

The guidance provides climate change allowances for peak river flow, peak rainfall, sea level rise, wind speed and wave height. The guidance provides a range of allowances to assess fluvial flooding, which varies depending on which management catchment a site lies within. It advises on which allowances to use for assessing the impact of climate change on fluvial flood risk based on vulnerability classification, flood zone and development lifetime.

If you want to discuss this please call our Sustainable Places team on 020 8474 5242.

Please get in touch if you have any further queries or contact us within two months if you'd like us to review the information we have sent.

Yours sincerely

#### Anna Butcher Customers and Engagement Officer

Direct dial: 02030 255472

### Use of Environment Agency Information for Flood Risk Assessments

#### Important

The Environment Agency are keen to work with partners to enable development which is resilient to flooding for its lifetime and provides wider benefits to communities. If you have requested this information to help inform a development proposal, then we recommend engaging with us as early as possible by using the pre-application form available from our website:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-planning-application-enquiry-form-preliminary-opinion

We recognise the value of early engagement in development planning decisions. This allows complex issues to be discussed, innovative solutions to be developed that both enables new development and protects existing communities. Such engagement can often avoid delays in the planning process following planning application submission, by reaching agreements up-front. We offer a charged pre-application advice service for applicants who wish to discuss a development proposal.

We can also provide a preliminary opinion for free which will identify environmental constraints related to our responsibilities including flooding, waste, land contamination, water quality, biodiversity, navigation, pollution, water resources, foul drainage or Environmental Impact Assessment.

In preparing your planning application submission, you should refer to the Environment Agency's Flood Risk Standing Advice and the Planning Practice Guidance for information about what flood risk assessment is needed for new development in the different Flood Zones. This information can be accessed via:

https://www.gov.uk/flood-risk-assessment-standing-advice http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/

You should also consult the Strategic Flood Risk Assessment or other relevant materials produced by your local planning authority.

You should note that:

- 1. Information supplied by the Environment Agency may be used to assist in producing a Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) where one is required, but does not constitute such an assessment on its own.
- 2. This information covers flood risk from main rivers and the sea, and you will need to consider other potential sources of flooding, such as groundwater or surface water runoff. Information produced by the local planning authority referred to above may assist here.
- 3. Where a planning application requires an FRA and this is not submitted or is deficient, the Environment Agency may raise an objection.

## Modelled Node Point Locations centred on Station Road, Oakington



	Environment Agency	Reference Number	241141
	Agency	Site	AR02 Station Road, Oakington
	Datasheet - Product 4	Customer	Martin Andrews
	29 November 2021	NGR	TL4178264917
This datasheet provides supporting information for you of your request.	r Product 4. It will be clearly indicated if we are unable	to provide	information to fulfil any part

# Model Summary

Model Name	Model Code
Cottenham Lode PFS	EA05246

## Important Information

The following information should considered when using the material provided to fulfil this request.

Information	
No Product 8 Data	Unfortunately we do not have any breach data at this location.
Limited Modelled Extents Provided	We have only provided a limited number of modelled flood extents for clarity. If you require further extents we will be happy to provide them.

## Modelled Water Levels and Flows

The following tables provide modelled in channel water level and flow values. Values are provided for Annual Exceedence Probability (AEP) events, which is the probability of a given event occurring in any one year. This is not a return period.

The fluvial models used to produce these results are intended for strategic scale use only.

If the tables show a value of -9999, this indicates that we have no level or flow data for that particular AEP or node point.

## Level Data

Level values are measured in metres above Ordnance Datum (m aOD).

All level data included are subject to standard modelling tolerance of +/-150 millimetres.

## Present Day Levels

Node	Model	Easting	Northing	20%	10%	5%	4%	2%	1.33%	1%	0.5%	0.1%
EA052126114	EA05246	541867	265104	7.56	7.71	7.86	-9999	8.02	-9999	8.14	8.25	-9999
EA052126115	EA05246	541927	264930	7.57	7.72	7.87	-9999	8.03	-9999	8.14	8.26	-9999
EA052126127	EA05246	541939	264827	7.6	7.74	7.88	-9999	8.05	-9999	8.19	8.35	-9999
EA05212634	EA05246	541795	264566	7.63	7.77	7.93	-9999	8.11	-9999	8.28	8.48	-9999
EA052126515	EA05246	541890	264711	7.59	7.72	7.86	-9999	8.07	-9999	8.25	8.45	-9999

## Climate Change Levels

Node	Model	Easting	Northing	1%+20%cc	1%+25%cc	1%+35%cc	1%+65%cc	0.5%+20%cc	0.1%+20%cc
EA052126114	EA05246	541867	265104	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126115	EA05246	541927	264930	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126127	EA05246	541939	264827	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA05212634	EA05246	541795	264566	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126515	EA05246	541890	264711	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999

Flow values are measured in cubic metres per second (cumecs - m3/s).

## Present Day Flows

Node	Model	Easting	Northing	20%	10%	5%	4%	2%	1.33%	1%	0.5%	0.1%
EA052126114	EA05246	541867	265104	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126115	EA05246	541927	264930	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126127	EA05246	541939	264827	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA05212634	EA05246	541795	264566	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126515	EA05246	541890	264711	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999

### **<u>Climate Change Flows</u>**

Node	Model	Easting	Northing	1%+20%cc	1%+25%cc	1%+35%cc	1%+65%cc	0.5%+20%cc	0.1%+20%cc
EA052126114	EA05246	541867	265104	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126115	EA05246	541927	264930	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126127	EA05246	541939	264827	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA05212634	EA05246	541795	264566	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999
EA052126515	EA05246	541890	264711	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999	-9999

## **Recorded Flood Events**

Where included, the Recorded Flood Event Outlines map provides an indication of areas which have flooded. Not all properties shown to be within the outline will have flooded.

Flood Event	Start	End	Source	Cause
Oct 2001	21/10/2001	24/10/2001	Main River	Channel Capacity Exceeded (no raised defences)
May 1978	05/05/1978	08/05/1978	Main River	Channel Capacity Exceeded (no raised defences) / Local Drainage/Surface Water / Obstruction/Blockage - Bridge

## **General Information**

#### Flood Map for Planning (Rivers and Sea)

The Flood Map for Planning (Rivers and Sea) indicates the area at risk of flooding for a flood event with a 0.5% chance of occurring in any year for flooding from the sea, or a 1% chance of occurring in any year for flovial (river) flooding (Flood Zone 3).

It also shows the extent of the Extreme Flood Outlines (Flood Zone 2) which represents the extent of a flood event with a 0.1% chance of occurring in any year, or the highest recorded historic extent if greater. The Flood Zones refer to the land at risk of flooding and do not refer to individual properties.

The Flood Map for Planning (Rivers and Sea) can be viewed and downloaded as a PDF file on GOV.UK by following this link: https://flood-map-forplanning.service.gov.uk or downloaded in GIS format under an open data licence from the following address: https://data.gov.uk/publisher/environment-agency

The Flood Map is updated on a quarterly basis to account for any amendments required.

#### Surface Water, Ordinary Watercourses and Groundwater Flooding

Lead Local Flood Authorities (LLFA) are responsible for managing local flood risk from ordinary watercourses, surface water flooding and groundwater flooding. You should check with the LLFA as they may have more up to date information regarding this type of flooding.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Flood Map can be viewed and downloaded as a PDF file on GOV.UK by following this link: https://flood-warninginformation.service.gov.uk/long-term-flood-risk

Information on how to reduce the impact of flooding from groundwater can be found online by the following link: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/flooding-from-groundwater

#### **Flooding from Reservoirs**

The Risk of Flooding from Reservoirs Flood Map can be viewed and downloaded as a PDF file on GOV.UK by following this link: https://flood-warninginformation.service.gov.uk/long-term-flood-risk

#### Sewer Flooding

Your local water company may have information on sewage flooding in your area of interest.

## **Areas Benefitting from Defences**

Areas Benefitting from Defences show the area benefiting from defences from a 1 in 100 (1% AEP) year fluvial event or a 1 in 200 (0.5% AEP) tidal/coastal event.

The associated dataset can be downloaded in GIS from the following link: https://data.gov.uk/dataset/flood-map-for-planning-rivers-and-sea-areas-benefiting-from-defences



## 241141 Product 4 Map



			Standard of	Overall	Statutory	Upstream	Downstream
			Protection	Condition	Defence	Crest	Crest
Unique ID (Label)	Easting	Northing	(Return Period)	Grade	Level	Level	Level
145373	541909	265152	Not Known	3	Not Known	7.47	6.74
145375	541909	264953	Not Known	3	Not Known	6.74	7.41
145376	541957	264867	Not Known	3	Not Known	7.42	6.74
145377	541962	264846	Not Known	3	Not Known	6.22	7.42
146811	541931	264826	Not Known	4	Not Known	7.32	6.15
146812	541885	264698	Not Known	3	Not Known	7.2	7.74
147010	541932	264820	Not Known	4	Not Known	7.38	7.14
147011	541951	264605	Not Known	4	Not Known	7.58	7.38
80909	541903	265156	Not Known	4	Not Known	5.54	5.32
101248	541879	264690	Not Known	3	Not Known	7.77	7.05
100537	541882	264701	Not Known	3	Not Known	8.62	7.88



**Appendix C** 1% and 0.5% Flood Extents MAC drawing no. 685-FRA10



	Transport Assessments	Client:	ient: Cambridgeshire County Council Project: Mansel Farm, Oakingto			, Oakington
	Flood Risk Assessments					
	Highway Advice	Title:	1% and 0.5% Flood Extents			Date: 10/12/21
	Access Design					Drw: MJA
T: 01604 340544 Northampton Office	Drainage Strategies					Chk: MJA
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Martin Andrews Consulting Ltd		Drawing No. 003-FIXATO Revision			Size: A3	



**Appendix D** Extracts from Northstowe Flood Risk Assessment by Arcadis



Figure 10: 0.1% AEP (including an allowance for climate change) predicted flood extent and depths from the Arcadis model



Figure 11: 0.5% AEP (including an allowance for climate change) predicted flood extent and depths from the Arcadis model

- 4.2.24 It can also be seen in *Figure 9 to Figure 11* above that water does appear to back up the Award Drain 171 due to lack of capacity within the Oakington Brook during extreme rainfall events. This could also be due to capacity within the Award Drain itself due to historic lack of maintenance.
- 4.2.25 It is therefore proposed that for the area of Northstowe Phase 3A that currently drains towards Oakington along this Award Drain, additional measures to retain surface water runoff onsite will be implemented in excess of policy requirements and best practice.